

Preface

The *Summary Tables* is a collection of tables generated using data collected in the 1999 and 2000 National Household Survey on Drug Abuse (NHSDA). The majority of these tables are trend tables presenting estimates from the 1999 and 2000 NHSDA surveys. Select tables present only estimates from the 2000 NHSDA (if the same or comparable data are not available from the 1999 NHSDA). In addition, a select number of tables contain annual averages, which are generated by combining the 1999 and 2000 data (if there are not sufficient data within a single year to produce reliable estimates).

A subset of these *Summary Tables* is included in the report, *Summary of Findings from the 2000 NHSDA*. Tables included in the Summary of Findings report can be mapped back to these *Summary Tables* by using the table number reference included in parentheses in the upper left-hand corner of each table in the Summary of Findings report (e.g., Table F.1 in the Summary of Findings report is the equivalent of Table 7.1N in the *Summary Tables*). A brief description of the sample design and estimation procedures used in the 2000 NHSDA can be found in the Summary of Findings report.

During the processing of the 2000 NHSDA data, an error was discovered in the computer programs that assigned imputed values for recency of use, frequency of use, and age at first use of several drugs on the 1999 data file. In preparing the 2000 Summary of Findings report and the *Summary Tables*, 1999 data were revised to correct for this error. Thus, many of the 1999 estimates shown in the *Summary Tables* are different from those released earlier. For most substance use measures, the impact of the revision is small. Estimates of lifetime use of substances were not affected at all, while estimates of past year and past month use were all revised. In most cases the updated numbers are nearly identical. The effects of the error are noticeable for only four of the substances (alcohol, marijuana, inhalants, and heroin), in addition to the composite "any illicit drug use" measure, where the estimates are all lower. For inhalants, the estimates are considerably lower. More detail concerning the 1999 imputation error, how the error was discovered, and the corrective actions that were taken can be found in appendix B of the Summary of Findings report.

Table Numbering

The tables within this document are numbered using a three part numbering scheme, e.g., 1.15A. The first part of the table number (1.15A) is the subject matter section to which a particular table belongs. The second part (1.15A) is the actual number of a table within a particular section. The third part (1.15A) is a table type indicator, an alphabetic letter appended to the table number. There are multiple table types for each table number.

The seven subject matter sections and the number of tables per section are as follows:

- Section 1: Illicit Drug Use Tables - 1.1 to 1.110
- Section 2: Tobacco and Alcohol Use Tables - 2.1 to 2.111
- Section 3: Risk and Protective Factor Tables - 3.1 to 3.48
- Section 4: Incidence Tables - 4.1 to 4.18
- Section 5: Dependence, Abuse, and Treatment Tables - 5.1 to 5.66
- Section 6: Miscellaneous Tables - 6.1 to 6.85
- Section 7: Sample Size and Population Tables - 7.1 to 7.16

The table type indicators are defined below:

<u>Table Type</u>	<u>Purpose of the Table</u>
A:	Presents estimates of the numbers of persons who have used the drug(s) in the populations described by the column and row headings.
B:	Presents estimates of the percentages of persons who have used the drug(s) in the populations described by the column and row headings.
C:	Presents the standard error associated with each of the estimates in the "A" tables.
D:	Presents the standard error associated with each of the estimates in the "B" tables.
N:	Presents the number of cases in the specified NHSDA sample with the characteristics defined by the column and row headings.
P:	Presents the p-values from test of the statistical significance of differences between columns in "B" tables.

The majority of tables within the *Summary Tables* contain 5 table types (A, B, C, D, and P) as defined above. Note that table type N is used exclusively within Section 7 to display the sample size counts. Exceptions to this organization are noted below:

- Section 4 (Incidence Tables) contains only table types A and C - Table type A contains numbers of initiates, mean age, and age specific rates. Table type C contains the associated standard errors for each of these types of estimates.
- Section 7 (Sample Size Tables) contains only table types A, C, and N - Population counts, standard errors, and sample sizes are displayed in table types A, C, and N, respectively. Percentages of the population and associated standard error tables are not provided in this section.
- Selected table sets within Section 1 (Illicit Drug Use Tables), Section 2 (Tobacco and Alcohol Use Tables), Section 5 (Dependence, Abuse, and Treatment Tables), and Section 6 (Miscellaneous Tables) include only table types A, B, C, and D. Selected tables within these sections either present estimates for the 2000 NHSDA only, or contain annual average estimates for 1999 and 2000 NHSDA data combined. In both cases these select tables are not trend tables; thus significance tests between 1999 and 2000 estimates are not relevant, and table type P is not applicable.

Table Organization

The *Summary Tables* is organized by table type into two overall groups as follows:

Prevalence Estimates and Sample Sizes - Table Types A, B, and N (If Applicable) Standard Errors and P-Values - Table Types C, D, and P (If Applicable)

Within each of these overall groups of tables, both a table index and a list of tables are provided for each of the sections defined above. Table number indexes summarize the information contained in each table in a tabular form. Key variables used in these index tables are defined in the Key to Selected Variables. Due to space restrictions, neither the section indicator nor the table type indicator components of the table numbers are used in the index. Proper use of the indexes depends on careful examination of the information included in the titles of the tables.

Within each individual table in the prevalence estimates and sample sizes group, a link has been provided to the list of tables for the standard errors and p-values group of tables. Conversely, for each individual table in the standard errors and p-values group, a link has been provided to the list of tables for the prevalence estimates and sample sizes group of tables. These links are located at the end of the table title for each table and provide minimal linkage between the two overall groups of tables. Note that while the user can locate a table using either the table index or a list of tables, the links on the titles will only direct the user to the list of tables.

Locating a Table

A specific table within this set of *Summary Tables* can be located by using either the list of tables or the index for a particular section:

List of Tables:

By using the list of tables for one of the seven sections, a user can go directly to any table number and table type within that section. For example, if the user is interested in information about the prevalence of past month illicit drug use among youth aged 12 to 17, the user would review the list of tables for prevalence estimates in Section 1: Illicit Drug Use Tables and select Table 1.2B, which will move the user directly to Table 1.2B. For the associated standard error or p-value table, the user would choose the list of table link located at the end of the table title. This link will move the user to the list of tables for the seven sections, from which the user can choose the standard error or p-value table of interest.

Table Index:

The table index for each of the seven sections provides ready access to tables categorized by content area and by age groupings, racial/ethnic characteristics, demographic characteristics, and geographic characteristics. For example, if the user is interested in past month cigarette use among young adults aged 18 to 25 in metropolitan areas, the user would review the Table Index for Section 2: Tobacco and Alcohol Tables. The user would select the tables for Past Month Cigarette Use by Geographic Characteristics: Table 75-79, which will move the user to the first table in this group, Table 2.75. The user can then page downward to the appropriate table, Table 2.76B. For the associated standard error or p-value table, the user would choose the list of table link located at the end of the table title. This link will move the user to the list of standard error and p-value tables for each of the seven sections, from which the user could choose the standard error or p-value table of interest.